

Condensed interim consolidated
financial statements of

Eastern Platinum Limited

For the three months ended March 31,
2024
(Unaudited)

Eastern Platinum Limited

Condensed interim consolidated financial statements
for the three months ended March 31, 2024

Table of contents

Notice of no auditor review of condensed interim consolidated financial statements	3
Condensed interim consolidated statements of (loss) income*	4
Condensed interim consolidated statements of comprehensive (loss) income*	5
Condensed interim consolidated statements of financial position	6
Condensed interim consolidated statements of changes in equity*	7
Condensed interim consolidated statements of cash flows*	8
Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements*	9-27

**with restated comparative information for the three months ended March 31, 2023.*

Notice of No Auditor Review of Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

The accompanying unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the Company's management. The Company's independent auditor has not performed a review of these financial statements in accordance with the standards established by the Canadian Institute of Professional Chartered Accountants for a review of interim financial statements by an entity's auditor.

Eastern Platinum Limited

Condensed interim consolidated statement of (loss) income

(Unaudited - expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except for per share amounts)

		Three months ended	
		March 31,	
	Note	2024	2023 (Restated - Note 14)
Revenue	12,14	\$ 15,709	\$ 18,037
Production costs	14	(9,200)	(13,036)
Production costs - depreciation		(1,221)	(1,465)
Mine operating income		5,288	3,536
Expenses			
General and administrative		676	474
Adjustments for expected credit loss on trade receivables	2(b)	(98)	—
Site services		1,653	667
Care and maintenance		381	595
Pre-production costs	3(a)	2,706	—
Operating (loss) income		(30)	1,800
Other income (expense)			
Interest income		426	182
Other income		219	424
Finance costs	6(c)	(120)	(1,265)
Foreign exchange loss		(1,420)	(1,498)
Loss before income taxes		(925)	(357)
Income tax recovery		2	3
Net loss for the period		(923)	(354)
Net loss attributable to:			
Non-controlling interest		(1)	(1)
Equity shareholders of the Company		(922)	(353)
Net loss for the period		\$ (923)	\$ (354)
Loss per share			
Basic and diluted		\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding ('000s)			
Basic		201,901	137,821
Diluted		201,901	137,821

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

"George Dorin"

George Dorin, Director

"Lisa Ng"

Lisa Ng, Director

Eastern Platinum Limited

Condensed interim consolidated statement of comprehensive (loss) income

(Unaudited - expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars)

	Three months ended	
	March 31,	
	2024	2023 (Restated - Note 14)
Net loss for the period	\$ (923)	\$ (354)
Other comprehensive income (loss) items that may subsequently be reclassified to profit or loss:		
- Exchange differences on translating foreign operations	(2,728)	(3,721)
- Exchange differences on translating non-controlling interest	12	42
Comprehensive loss for the period	(3,639)	(4,033)
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to:		
Equity shareholders of the Company	(3,650)	(4,074)
Non-controlling interest	11	41
Comprehensive loss for the period	\$ (3,639)	\$ (4,033)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Eastern Platinum Limited

Condensed interim consolidated statement of financial position

(Unaudited - expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars)

	Note	As at March 31, 2024	As at December 31, 2023
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 18,300	\$ 18,131
Short-term investments		2,410	3,218
Trade and other receivables	12	25,995	27,657
Inventories	5	5,378	4,530
Total current assets		52,083	53,536
Non-current assets			
Restricted cash		43	43
Property, plant and equipment	3	98,378	100,757
Other assets		6,345	6,434
Total assets		\$ 156,849	\$ 160,770
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables		\$ 6,844	\$ 5,740
Draw on finance facility	10(d)(ii)	915	930
Deferred revenue	6	8,312	8,967
Lease liabilities		17	482
Contracts payable	6	52,711	52,921
Total current liabilities		68,799	69,040
Non-current liabilities			
Lease liabilities		57	63
Provision for environmental rehabilitation		3,124	3,130
Deferred tax liabilities		843	872
Total liabilities		\$ 72,823	\$ 73,105
Equity			
Issued capital	4	1,245,951	1,245,951
Contributed surplus		1,103	1,103
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(324,924)	(322,196)
Deficit		(837,697)	(836,775)
Total equity attributable to:			
Equity shareholders of the Company		84,433	88,083
Non-controlling interest		(407)	(418)
		84,026	87,665
Total liabilities and equity		\$ 156,849	\$ 160,770

Nature of operations and going concern (Note 1)
Contingencies and legal proceedings (Note 11)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Eastern Platinum Limited

Condensed interim consolidated statement of changes in equity

(Unaudited - expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars)

	Issued capital	Contributed surplus	Accumulated other comprehensive loss	Deficit	Total equity attributed to equity shareholders of the Company	Non-controlling interest	Equity
Balance, December 31, 2022	\$ 1,240,890	980	(317,698)	(850,538)	73,634	(437)	73,197
Net loss (restated – Note 14)	—	—	—	(353)	(353)	(1)	(354)
Other comprehensive (loss) income (restated – Note 14)	—	—	(3,721)	—	(3,721)	42	(3,679)
Total comprehensive (loss) income	—	—	(3,721)	(353)	(4,074)	41	(4,033)
Transfer equity reserve relating to expired options	—	(4)	—	4	—	—	—
Balance, March 31, 2023 (restated – Note 14)	\$ 1,240,890	976	(321,419)	(850,887)	69,560	(396)	69,164
Balance, December 31, 2023	\$ 1,245,951	1,103	(322,196)	(836,775)	88,083	(418)	87,665
Net loss	—	—	—	(922)	(922)	(1)	(923)
Other comprehensive (loss) income	—	—	(2,728)	—	(2,728)	12	(2,716)
Total comprehensive (loss) income	—	—	(2,728)	(922)	(3,650)	11	(3,639)
Balance, March 31, 2024	\$ 1,245,951	1,103	(324,924)	(837,697)	84,433	(407)	84,026

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Eastern Platinum Limited

Condensed interim consolidated statement of cash flows

(Unaudited - expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars)

	Note	Three months ended	
		March 31,	
		2024	2023 (Restated – Note 14)
Operating activities			
Net loss for the period	14	\$ (923)	\$ (354)
Adjustments to net loss for non-cash items			
Depreciation and amortization	3	1,245	1,766
Expected credit loss	2(b)	(98)	—
Interest and other income		(426)	(182)
Finance costs		120	980
Income tax recovery		(2)	(3)
Foreign exchange loss		1,408	1,498
Net changes in non-cash working capital items			
Trade and other receivables		963	(3,709)
Inventories	5,14	(990)	(1,602)
Trade and other payables		1,241	1,175
Deferred revenue	6,14	(386)	3,660
Cash from operating activities		2,152	3,229
Financing activities			
Draw on (repayment of) finance facility	10(d)(ii)	14	(588)
Finance costs paid		(26)	(909)
Lease payments		(456)	(366)
Net financing cash flows		(468)	(1,863)
Investing activities			
Interest income received		369	184
Redemption of short-term investments		741	—
Other asset additions		(113)	(112)
Property, plant and equipment additions	3	(2,018)	(319)
Net investing cash flows		(1,021)	(247)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		(494)	204
Increase in cash and cash equivalents		169	1,323
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		18,131	2,448
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period		\$ 18,300	\$ 3,771

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Eastern Platinum Limited

Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements

For the three months ended March 31, 2024

(Unaudited - expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except as noted.)

1. Nature of operations and going concern

Eastern Platinum Limited ("Eastplats" or the "Company") was incorporated in Canada with limited liability under the legislation of the Province of British Columbia. The Company's shares are listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange ("TSX") (primary listing) and the Johannesburg Stock Exchange ("JSE") (secondary listing). The head office and principal address of the Company is located at 1080 - 1188 West Georgia Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada.

The Company is a platinum group metals ("PGM") and chrome producing company engaged in re-mining and processing of tailings at the Crocodile River Mine ("CRM") and the exploration and development of other PGM and chrome properties located in various provinces in South Africa.

The Company's presentation currency is U.S. dollars. All monetary amounts presented in these consolidated financial statements are in thousands of U.S. dollars ("\$"), thousands of Canadian dollars ("Cdn\$") or thousands of South African Rand ("ZAR"), except for per share amounts or otherwise indicated.

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the basis of accounting principles applicable to a going concern, which assumes the Company will continue in operation for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of operations for at least twelve months from March 31, 2024.

As at March 31, 2024, the Company had cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments of \$20,710 (December 31, 2023 - \$21,349) and a working capital deficit of \$16,716 (December 31, 2023 - working capital deficit of \$15,504). The working capital deficit includes the full value of the Union Goal Offshore Solution Limited ("Union Goal") contracts payable, which is partially offset by the Union Goal receivable balance (see Note 6). For the three months ended March 31, 2024, the Company generated cash from operating activities of \$2,152 (2023 - \$3,229).

The Company and its subsidiary, Barplats Mines (Pty) Limited ("Barplats") entered into an agreement (the "Framework Agreement") with Union Goal Offshore Solution Limited on March 1, 2018 and subsequently, various transactional agreements including an equipment and chrome plant agreement, loan agreement, escrow agreement and offtake agreement were signed on August 31, 2018 under the Framework Agreement (collectively referred to as the "2018 Retreatment Project Agreements"). On March 10, 2021, the Company, Barplats and Union Goal executed updated Retreatment Project Agreements (the "2021 Updated Retreatment Project Agreements") (see Note 6). All of these agreements are collectively referred to as the Union Goal Contracts and provide for construction, re-mining and processing of the tailings resource, and the subsequent offtake of chrome concentrate from the Barplats Zandfontein UG2 tailings facility (the "Retreatment Project").

Operations from re-mining the tailings material have produced chrome concentrate since December 2018 and have produced PGM concentrates since December 2020.

In August 2013, the Company's underground CRM operations were put on care and maintenance. The Company initiated a soft restart of the Zandfontein underground operations in October 2023 with the intention of processing underground run-of-mine ore beginning in 2024. The Company's other existing projects, the Kennedy's Vale ("KV"), Spitzkop PGM ("Spitzkop") and Mareesburg PGM ("Mareesburg") projects (together the "Eastern Limb Projects") have been either in care and maintenance or on hold since 2012. For more information, refer to Financial risk management - liquidity risk (see Note 10(d)(v)).

As the Company continues to operate the Retreatment Project, there remains material uncertainty that the Company will be able to achieve sufficient cash inflows to meet its expected financial obligations in the next 12 months and there can be no assurance that additional funding will be available to the Company when needed, or, if available, that this funding will be on acceptable terms. In Fiscal 2022, the Company reclassified its contracts payable to Union Goal from non-current to a current liability. This reclassification is based on the Company's best estimate of the timing of the payment due and is the main reason for the decrease in the Company's working capital since the second quarter of 2022. Based

Eastern Platinum Limited

Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements

For the three months ended March 31, 2024

(Unaudited - expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except as noted.)

on agreed terms in the Framework Agreement with Union Goal, the actual payment amount and the timing of the payment have yet to be determined (also refer to Note 2(b), Note 6 and Note 11 for additional details) and are subject to further negotiations. In the third quarter of 2022, after re-assessing the probability of settlement of outstanding accounts receivable by Union Goal, Eastplats suspended shipments to Union Goal as a result of continuing non-payment and failure of Union Goal to reduce its significantly long outstanding account with the Company. This lack of payment by Union Goal continues to place strain on the overall liquidity of the Company. On February 16, 2024, the Company received a notice of civil claim from Union Goal (see Note 11).

In response to the lack of payment from Union Goal, from the start of the third quarter of 2022, Eastplats began to contract free market sales. These contracts provided transfer of control and revenue recognition as defined by IFRS 15 – Revenue from Contracts with Customers (“IFRS 15”), upon completion of the Company’s performance obligations which included delivery of the chrome concentrate to off-site venues specified by customers. There can, however, be no assurance that these free market sales levels will be sufficient to alleviate the Company’s liquidity concerns.

On May 12, 2023, the Company completed a rights offering to its shareholders to acquire common shares of the Company. Although the Company has been successful in raising equity finance in the past, there can be no assurance as to the amount that will be raised in any future financings.

These factors and material uncertainties may raise significant doubt about the Company’s ability to continue as a going concern. These condensed interim consolidated financial statements do not give effect to adjustments to the carrying value and classification of assets and liabilities and related revenue and expenses that would be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern and such adjustments may be material.

2. Basis of preparation

(a) *Statement of compliance*

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”), as applicable to interim financial reports including International Accounting Standard (“IAS”) 34 Interim Financial Reporting.

The preparation of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements is based on accounting principles and methods consistent with those used in the preparation of the audited consolidated financial statements as at December 31, 2023. The accompanying condensed interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company’s audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023. The Company’s interim results are not necessarily indicative of its results for a full year.

These unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on May 13, 2024.

(b) *Judgments and estimates*

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and revenue and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgments about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and further periods if the review affects both current and future periods.

Eastern Platinum Limited

Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements

For the three months ended March 31, 2024

(Unaudited - expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except as noted.)

Factors such as the ongoing war in Ukraine, as well as other geopolitical risks and events, inflation and fluctuating interest rates result in continued uncertainty and volatility in global markets and economies.

As discussed in Note 6, the Company signed the 2021 Updated Retreatment Project Agreements on March 10, 2021. The assessment of the accounting effect of the 2021 Updated Retreatment Project Agreements requires significant judgment. As well, significant judgment is required to assess the value of the Company's revenue, deferred revenue, trade receivable and the related contracts payable to Union Goal.

The Company calculated an expected credit loss ("ECL") related to the outstanding trade receivable balance owed by Union Goal to the Company based on the timing of the completion of the plant optimization program. Although the program is still not completed, the Company continues to expect to negotiate the final purchase price of the chrome plant and receive payment of its outstanding receivable based on the same estimated payment date. The credit risk exposure on the Company's trade receivable balance with Union Goal is significantly reduced by way of the 2021 Updated Retreatment Project Agreements with any outstanding receivable balance applied against the contracts payable amount owed to Union Goal. The ECL is estimated based on the expected timing of the debt settlement discounted to the current period.

Below are the key assumptions used to calculate the ECL. The value of the ECL is recorded in Rand and revalued quarterly:

Discount rate	12.75%
Estimated payment date	December 31, 2024
Expected credit loss, March 31, 2024	\$1,544

During the three months ended March 31, 2024, an ECL adjustment of (\$98) (2023 - \$nil) was made on the Company's trade receivables balance from a third-party customer in relation to a chrome concentrate sales contract completed in the prior year.

Other areas of significant judgment and estimates made by management for the three months ended March 31, 2024 in the application of IFRS that have a significant effect on the consolidated financial statements and estimates with a significant risk of material adjustment in the current and following fiscal years are discussed in Note 4 of the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023.

(c) *Prior period error*

In connection with the preparation of the Company's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023, an error was identified in the recognition of revenue related to a chrome concentrate sales transaction in Q4 2022 which impacted the Company's previously filed audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022 and its unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2023. Note 14 provides further detail on the restatement.

Eastern Platinum Limited

Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements

For the three months ended March 31, 2024

(Unaudited - expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except as noted.)

3. Property, plant and equipment

Cost	Right-of-use assets \$	Plant and equipment* \$	Mineral properties previously depleted \$	Mineral properties not being depleted \$	Properties and land \$	Total \$
Balance as at December 31, 2022	4,711	255,653	59,530	243,556	10,886	574,336
Additions	—	2,486	—	148	—	2,634
Environmental provision, change in estimate	—	(718)	—	(327)	—	(1,045)
Transfers	582	(582)	—	—	—	—
Foreign exchange movement	(808)	(22,297)	(5,960)	(14,076)	(746)	(43,887)
Balance as at December 31, 2023	4,485	234,542	53,570	229,301	10,140	532,038
Additions	—	1,934	—	84	—	2,018
Foreign exchange movement	(138)	(7,340)	(1,677)	(7,179)	(316)	(16,650)
Balance as at March 31, 2024	4,347	229,136	51,893	222,206	9,824	517,406
Accumulated depreciation						
Balance as at December 31, 2022	2,957	189,996	48,916	218,359	1,886	462,114
Depreciation	1,288	4,895	—	—	61	6,244
Foreign exchange movement	(153)	(12,376)	(8,412)	(16,096)	(40)	(37,077)
Balance as at December 31, 2023	4,092	182,515	40,504	202,263	1,907	431,281
Depreciation	314	914	—	—	18	1,246
Foreign exchange movement	(126)	(5,716)	(1,266)	(6,332)	(59)	(13,499)
Balance as at March 31, 2024	4,280	177,713	39,238	195,931	1,866	419,028
Carrying amounts						
At December 31, 2022	1,754	65,657	10,614	25,197	9,000	112,222
At December 31, 2023	393	52,027	13,066	27,038	8,233	100,757
At March 31, 2024	67	51,423	12,655	26,275	7,958	98,378

*Balances of cost and accumulated depreciation as at December 31, 2022 were reduced by \$76,829 to remove fully depreciated assets no longer in use.

Eastern Platinum Limited

Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements

For the three months ended March 31, 2024

(Unaudited - expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except as noted.)

The following is property, plant and equipment categorized by project:

	Crocodile River Mine*	Mareesburg	Kennedy's Vale	Spitzkop	Other property, plant and equipment	Total
Cost	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance as at December 31, 2022	259,858	14,838	244,172	55,169	299	574,336
Additions	2,482	—	—	148	4	2,634
Environmental provision, change in estimate	(550)	(168)	(168)	(159)	—	(1,045)
Foreign exchange movement	(23,161)	125	(17,079)	(3,780)	8	(43,887)
Balance as at December 31, 2023	238,629	14,795	226,925	51,378	311	532,038
Additions	1,934	—	—	84	—	2,018
Foreign exchange movement	(7,467)	(463)	(7,104)	(1,609)	(7)	(16,650)
Balance as at March 31, 2024	233,096	14,332	219,821	49,853	304	517,406
Accumulated depreciation						
Balance as at December 31, 2022	168,806	6,200	235,345	51,564	199	462,114
Depreciation	6,178	—	42	—	24	6,244
Foreign exchange movement	(15,870)	(424)	(16,122)	(4,667)	6	(37,077)
Balance as at December 31, 2023	159,114	5,776	219,265	46,897	229	431,281
Depreciation	1,229	—	10	—	7	1,246
Foreign exchange movement	(4,979)	(181)	(6,865)	(1,468)	(6)	(13,499)
Balance as at March 31, 2024	155,364	5,595	212,410	45,429	230	419,028
Carrying amounts						
At December 31, 2022	91,052	8,638	8,827	3,605	100	112,222
At December 31, 2023	79,515	9,019	7,660	4,481	82	100,757
At March 31, 2024	77,732	8,737	7,411	4,424	74	98,378

*Balances of cost and accumulated depreciation as at December 31, 2022 were reduced by \$76,829 to remove fully depreciated assets no longer in use.

Eastern Platinum Limited

Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements

For the three months ended March 31, 2024

(Unaudited - expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except as noted.)

(a) *Crocodile River Mine ("CRM")*

The Company holds directly and indirectly a 100% interest in CRM, through Barplats Investments (Pty) Ltd. ("Barplats Investment"), which is located on the eastern portion of the western limb of the Bushveld Complex. The Retreatment Project began providing material from re-mining the Zandfontein UG2 tailings in December 2018. Since December 2020, PGM production began utilizing the re-processed material of the Retreatment Project. The underground operations of the CRM were placed on care and maintenance in 2013. Currently, the Company is working on refurbishing certain underground equipment since the soft restart of the Zandfontein underground operations in October 2023. Since October 1, 2023, related costs incurred have been expensed as pre-production costs unless the expenditures are expected to provide additional future economic benefit that would increase mine capacity, in which case capitalization would be applied.

(b) *Mareesburg Project*

The Company holds directly and indirectly a 100% interest in the Mareesburg Project located on the eastern limb of the Bushveld Complex. The Company is currently working on an updated resource estimate and plant location trade-off study. Prior to development and mining, the Company will also need to review and update amongst others, its labour and impact plans, BEE shareholdings and local community impact assessment. The project is in its early stages and has not been in production. Given no development has occurred at Mareesburg and more work is required prior to making an updated development decision, the property is regarded as an exploration and evaluation phase property, which is evaluated under IFRS 6.

(c) *Kennedy's Vale Project ("KV")*

The Company holds directly and indirectly a 100% interest in KV, an early-stage project which is located on the eastern limb of the Bushveld Complex.

(d) *Spitzkop PGM Project ("Spitzkop")*

The Company holds directly and indirectly a 97.7% interest in the Spitzkop PGM Project located on the eastern limb of the Bushveld Complex and next to KV. The early stage Spitzkop PGM Project has had limited further evaluation or development since it was put on hold in 2012.

(e) *Impairment of property, plant and equipment*

Mineral properties are tested for impairment when events or changes in circumstance indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable, or previous impairment on assets is recoverable. In cases where the Company has current plans to develop a particular mineral property into an operating mining operation, management considers its internal discounted cash flow economic models as a proxy for the calculation of fair value less cost to disposal ("FVLCTD"), given a willing market participant would use such models in establishing a value for the properties. In situations where management does not currently intend to advance a particular mineral property into production, management will use reference market transactions and/or recent offers on the properties as a proxy for FVLCTD. The Company assesses the carrying values of its mineral properties for indication of impairment at each reporting date.

As at March 31, 2024, management assessed for possible indicators of impairment. During the three months ended March 31, 2024, as was the case in the previous fiscal year, the Company's market capitalization continued to be significantly lower than the carrying value of its net assets. In light of this, the Company updated its discounted cash flow models for its significant assets, being the CRM underground and its chrome and PGM operations from re-mining and processing the CRM tailings, as well as the Kennedy's Vale and Spitzkop assets that are part of the Eastern Limb mining assets. The model assumptions included all significant inputs and incorporate various discount rate scenarios; at each of these rate scenarios, the models confirmed the

Eastern Platinum Limited

Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements

For the three months ended March 31, 2024

(Unaudited - expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except as noted.)

recoverable amounts of these assets were above their net book value. No impairment was therefore required.

Management utilized the following inputs and assumptions in projecting cash flows for the updated impairment model related to the CRM underground prepared as at March 31, 2024.

Assumptions	2024
Discount rate	12.5%
USD:ZAR exchange rate	ZAR18.28
Average 6E basket price (USD/oz)	\$1,208
Chrome price, 42% (USD/t)	\$309
Chrome price, 38.5% (USD/t)	\$207

The model also includes cash flows from continued chrome sales from the existing Retreatment project (38.5% chrome) for the remainder of 2024 and additional chrome sales from the underground restart (42% chrome).

When management utilizes internal discounted cash flow economic models in determining the recoverable value of the Company's mineral properties, the key assumptions are quantity and grade of recoverable reserves and resources, future metal prices, operating and capital costs, foreign exchange rates, discount rates and the estimated future production timing and production levels. Significant events such as the timing of the re-opening of the CRM underground for production and the completion of the Retreatment Project were taken into account in the projections. The results of the discounted cash flow economic models could change materially if these key assumptions change.

Consistent with the prior year, the KV and Spitzkop projects' recoverable amounts were determined on a FVLCTD basis with reference to comparable market data and transactions as well as recent expressions of interest or purchase offers received.

4. Issued capital

(a) Authorized

- Unlimited number of preferred redeemable, voting, non-participating shares without nominal or par value; and
- Unlimited number of common shares with no par value.

(b) Issued and outstanding

As at March 31, 2024, the Company had 201,901,426 common shares issued and outstanding (December 31, 2023 - 201,901,426).

During the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, nil common share equivalents (including stock options and warrants) were dilutive and included in the computation of diluted loss per share as such inclusion would be anti-dilutive.

(c) Warrants

As at March 31, 2024, the Company had 5,960,000 warrants outstanding (December 31, 2023 - 5,960,000); each warrant entitles its holder to acquire one common share of the Company at an exercise price of Cdn\$0.24. As it had done in the prior year, on June 8, 2023, the Company extended the expiry date of the 5,960,000 outstanding warrants by one year to June 26, 2024. All other terms remained unchanged.

Eastern Platinum Limited

Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements

For the three months ended March 31, 2024

(Unaudited - expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except as noted.)

(d) Share options

The Company has an incentive plan (the "2016 Plan"), approved by the Company's shareholders at its special meeting held on October 12, 2016, under which options to purchase common shares may be granted to its directors, officers, employees and others at the discretion of the Board of Directors. The 2016 Plan was renewed for three years and approved by the Company's shareholders at its annual general meeting held on June 13, 2019; it was again renewed for three years at its annual general meeting held on June 21, 2022.

There were no new share options granted during the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023. In the same periods, nil and 50,000 stock options expired, respectively.

The following is a summary of stock option transactions:

	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price Cdn\$
Balance, December 31, 2022	3,200,000	0.27
Granted	4,040,000	0.10
Expired	(200,000)	0.31
Balance, December 31, 2023	7,040,000	0.17
Granted	—	—
Expired	—	—
Balance, March 31, 2024	7,040,000	0.17

The following table summarizes information concerning outstanding and exercisable options at March 31, 2024:

Number of options outstanding	Number of options exercisable	Exercise price Cdn\$	Remaining contractual life (years)	Expiry date
450,000	450,000	0.21	0.2	June 13, 2024
450,000	450,000	0.37	1.5	October 16, 2025
650,000	650,000	0.34	2.2	June 23, 2026
1,450,000	1,450,000	0.23	3.3	July 6, 2027
4,040,000	4,040,000	0.10	4.2	June 21, 2028
7,040,000	7,040,000		3.4	

5. Inventories

Inventories are comprised of current and non-current amounts. Certain parts and supplies which may not be used within one year are classified as non-current.

	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
	\$	\$
Chrome inventory	3,101	2,085
PGM inventory	6	7
Supplies and consumables	2,271	2,438
	5,378	4,530

Eastern Platinum Limited

Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements

For the three months ended March 31, 2024

(Unaudited - expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except as noted.)

6. Union Goal contracts

The continuity of the Union Goal Contracts and related balances are presented below:

	March 31,	December 31,
	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Deferred revenue (d)		
Balance, beginning of year	8,568	9,073
Foreign exchange	(256)	(505)
Balance, end of period	8,312	8,568
Contracts payable - Chrome Circuit equipment payable		
Carrying value, beginning of year	46,248	42,245
Accretion (c)	—	4,003
Foreign exchange	(1)	—
Carrying value, end of period (b)	46,247	46,248
Contracts payable - Credit Facility		
Carrying value, beginning of year	6,673	6,549
Accretion (c)	—	569
Foreign exchange	(209)	(445)
Carrying value, end of period (b)	6,464	6,673
Contracts payable, carrying value - total	52,711	52,921

- (a) The 2021 Updated Retreatment Project Agreements were signed on March 10, 2021 and include the following:
- The 2021 Revised and Restated Framework Agreement;
 - The 2021 Revised and Restated Offtake Agreement;
 - The 2021 Revised and Restated Eastplats Loan Agreement; and
 - The 2021 Revised and Restated Barplats Equipment and Chrome Plant Agreement.

The 2021 Updated Retreatment Project Agreements was an adjustment to and refinement of the 2018 Retreatment Project Agreements based on two-years of operational history. The effect on contracts payable was considered an accounting estimate change and was recognized prospectively. The present value of the Chrome Circuit equipment payable and the Credit Facility was adjusted based on the revised future payments discounted by the estimated market interest rate.

- (b) As at March 31, 2024, the total face value of the Chrome Circuit equipment payable is \$46,247 (December 31, 2023 - \$46,248), while the total value of the Credit Facility is \$6,464 (December 31, 2023 - \$6,673) (see Note 11).
- (c) Included in finance costs, total contract payable accretion was \$nil and \$1,100 for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Eastern Platinum Limited

Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements

For the three months ended March 31, 2024

(Unaudited - expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except as noted.)

- (d) Pursuant to the offtake agreement, Union Goal agreed to acquire all the chrome concentrate produced by Barplats from the Retreatment Project on the basis of the number of tons of material re-mined from the tailings and made available to the plant at a price equivalent to the aggregate of all the qualifying operating costs in the mining process and the logistics cost, plus other additional amount as agreed in the Framework Agreement. Since the third quarter of 2022, the Company discontinued the recognition of deferred revenue based on quantities re-mined from the tailings, as this method would only be applicable if the chrome concentrate were supplied to Union Goal under the Framework Agreement. Amortization of deferred revenue is expected to re-commence when revenue from chrome production under the Union Goal Contracts is recognized. Additional deferred revenue not included in the table above was recorded on receipt of payment from third-parties for chrome sales that have not yet been recognized in revenue. At March 31, 2024, this amounted to \$nil (December 31, 2023 - \$399).

7. Commitments

- (a) *PGM concentrate offtake agreement*

Since December 2020, the Company derives PGM concentrate revenue from processing tailings material based on an agreement with Impala Platinum Limited ("Impala") dated September 18, 2020. The agreement has been subsequently extended by mutual agreement yearly since inception.

- (b) *Chrome concentrate offtake agreement*

The Company has an offtake agreement with Union Goal for the chrome concentrate produced from the CRM historic tailings. The offtake agreement is one part of the 2018 Retreatment Project Agreements (see Note 6).

- (c) *Capital expenditures*

The Company has committed to capital expenditures in South Africa of approximately \$1,278 as at March 31, 2024, all of which are expected to be incurred during the next 12 months.

8. Related party transactions

Related party transactions have been measured at the exchange amount of consideration agreed between the related parties. Related party transactions not disclosed elsewhere in these consolidated financial statements are listed below:

- (a) *Trading transactions*

The Company's related parties consist of private companies owned by current executive officers and directors. The Company incurred the following fees and expenses in the normal course of operations:

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Director fees	61	51
Share-based compensation	—	—
	61	51

Eastern Platinum Limited

Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements

For the three months ended March 31, 2024

(Unaudited - expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except as noted.)

(b) *Compensation of key management personnel*

The Company's key management includes the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO"), Chief Financial Officer ("CFO") and Vice President ("VP"). The total compensation to key management for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 was:

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Remuneration	149	143
Share-based compensation	—	—
	149	143

Key management personnel were not paid post-employment benefits or other long-term benefits during the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023.

9. Segmented information

- (a) Operating segments - The Company's operations are primarily directed towards the mining, exploration and development of chrome and PGM in South Africa. The Company has three reportable segments - CRM, Eastern Limb and Corporate. Eastern Limb consists of KV, Spitzkop and Mareesburg projects. Barbados, British Virgin Islands ("BVI") and Canada collectively comprise the Corporate segment.
- (b) Geographic segments - The Company's revenues and expenses by geographic areas for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, and assets and liabilities by geographic areas as at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, are as follows:

	Three months ended March 31, 2024				
	CRM	Eastern Limb	Total South Africa	Corporate	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Property, plant and equipment additions	1,934	84	2,018	—	2,018
Revenue	15,709	—	15,709	—	15,709
Production costs	(9,200)	—	(9,200)	—	(9,200)
Production costs - depreciation	(1,221)	—	(1,221)	—	(1,221)
Loss before income taxes	(194)	(177)	(371)	(554)	(925)
Income tax recovery	—	2	2	—	2
Net loss	(194)	(175)	(369)	(554)	(923)

Eastern Platinum Limited

Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements

For the three months ended March 31, 2024

(Unaudited - expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except as noted.)

Three months ended March 31, 2023 (restated)					
	CRM	Eastern Limb	Total South Africa	Corporate	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Property, plant and equipment additions	330	—	330	—	330
Revenue	18,037	—	18,037	—	18,037
Production costs	(13,036)	—	(13,036)	—	(13,036)
Production costs – depreciation	(1,465)	—	(1,465)	—	(1,465)
Loss before income taxes	(87)	(80)	(167)	(190)	(357)
Income tax recovery	—	3	3	—	3
Net loss	(87)	(77)	(164)	(190)	(354)

As at March 31, 2024					
	CRM	Eastern Limb	Total South Africa	Corporate	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Total assets	132,722	20,746	153,468	3,381	156,849
Total liabilities	62,506	2,063	64,569	8,254	72,823

As at December 31, 2023					
	CRM	Eastern Limb	Total South Africa	Corporate	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Total assets	135,403	21,306	156,709	4,061	160,770
Total liabilities	62,605	2,035	64,640	8,465	73,105

(c) *Revenue*

The Company's revenues are all currently earned at the CRM in South Africa.

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2024	2023 (restated)
	%	%
Chrome	93%	89%
PGM	7%	11%
Total	100%	100%

Eastern Platinum Limited

Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements

For the three months ended March 31, 2024

(Unaudited - expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except as noted.)

10. Financial instruments

(a) *Management of capital risk*

The capital structure of the Company consists of contracts payable (see Note 6) and equity attributable to common shareholders, comprised of issued capital, equity-settled employee benefits reserve, deficit, and accumulated other comprehensive loss. The Company's objectives when managing capital are to: (i) obtain the best available return investing in mining; (ii) preserve capital; and (iii) maintain liquidity.

The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may attempt to issue new shares or issue debt instruments.

The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

(b) *Categories of financial instruments*

	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
	\$	\$
Financial assets		
FVTPL		
Trade receivables for PGM sales	1,928	1,861
Amortized cost		
Cash and cash equivalents	18,300	18,131
Restricted cash	43	43
Trade and other receivables (excluding taxes receivable)	23,218	25,528
Short-term investments	2,410	3,218
Other assets (i)	6,345	6,434
	52,244	55,215
Financial liabilities		
Amortized cost		
Trade and other payables	6,844	5,740
Draw on finance facility	915	930
Lease liabilities	74	545
Contracts payable	52,711	52,921
	60,544	60,136

(i) *Other assets are mainly money market fund investments and are measured at amortized cost.*

(c) *Fair value of financial instruments*

(i) *Fair value estimation of financial instruments*

The fair values of cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, trade and other receivables, other assets, trade and other payables approximate their carrying values due to the short-term to maturities of these financial instruments.

Contracts payable and lease liabilities required assessing the appropriate market interest rates on the liabilities. Financial liabilities are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost.

Eastern Platinum Limited

Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements

For the three months ended March 31, 2024

(Unaudited - expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except as noted.)

(ii) *Fair value measurements recognized in the statement of financial position*

Financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value are grouped into a hierarchy based on the degree to which the fair value is observable. Level 1 fair value measurements are derived from unadjusted, quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. Level 2 fair value measurements are derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability directly or indirectly. Level 3 fair value measurements are derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data.

The Company's financial instruments that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis are the PGM receivables and other financial assets. Other assets are mainly money market fund investments. These are level 1 financial instruments at March 31, 2024 and 2023. As at March 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company did not have financial liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis. There were no transfers between levels during the three months ended March 31, 2024, nor the year ended December 31, 2023.

(d) *Financial risk management*

The Company's financial instruments are exposed to certain financial risks, including currency risk, interest rate risk, price risk, credit risk, and liquidity risk. The Company's exposure to these risks and its methods of managing the risks remain consistent.

(i) *Currency risk*

The Company reports its financial statements in U.S dollars. The functional currency of head office and its BVI and Barbados intermediate holding companies is Canadian dollars and the functional currency of all South African subsidiaries is South African Rand. The Company is exposed to foreign exchange risk when the Company undertakes transactions and holds assets and liabilities in currencies other than its functional currencies.

The Company has not entered into any derivative financial instruments to manage exposures to currency fluctuations. The Company's exposure to currency risk affecting net income is summarized as below:

	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
	\$	\$
Financial assets		
Denominated in USD at South African subsidiaries	8,522	10,928
Denominated in Rand at Canadian head office	112	113
Total	8,634	11,041
Financial liabilities		
Contracts payable denominated in Rand at Canadian head office	6,464	6,673
Contracts payable denominated in USD at South African subsidiaries	46,207	46,207
Total	52,671	52,880

As at March 31, 2024, with other variables unchanged, a 10% strengthening (weakening) of the Canadian dollar against the South African Rand would have increased (decreased) net income by approximately \$578 with other variables unchanged, a 10% strengthening (weakening) of the South African Rand against the U.S dollar would have increased (decreased) net income by approximately \$3,426.

Eastern Platinum Limited

Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements

For the three months ended March 31, 2024

(Unaudited - expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except as noted.)

(ii) *Interest rate risk*

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. On November 10, 2022, the Company announced it had signed a finance facility agreement with Investec Bank Limited ("Investec") providing a secured credit facility of up to \$5,819 (ZAR110,000) with an interest rate set at the Johannesburg Interbank Average Rate ("JIBAR") + margin agreed between the Company and Investec. At March 31, 2024, the Company had a balance owing of \$915 (ZAR17,294) which is shown as draw on finance facility on the Consolidated Statements of Financial Position. The Company has also provided \$5,928 (ZAR112,000) (December 31, 2023 - \$6,120 (ZAR112,000)) pledged as security for the guarantee issued to the Department of Mineral Resources and Energy of South Africa ("DMRE") in respect to environmental rehabilitation. These funds are held in interest bearing accounts and will be utilized to cover future expenses incurred to rehabilitate the mining area upon closure of the mine. Interest rate fluctuations may require the Company to provide additional security for these guarantees. The Company has no other material interest bearing contracts and is not subject to significant interest rate risk.

(iii) *Commodity price risk*

The Company's PGM concentrate sales are exposed to commodity price risk with respect to fluctuations in the prices of platinum group metals. Chrome concentrate sales had been structured based on the tonnage processed referenced to the long-term chrome concentrate commodity price according to the Union Goal contract. Since late 2022, the Company began making third-party sales at market prices; the Company is now exposed to commodity price risk with respect to fluctuations in the prices of chrome.

(iv) *Credit and concentration risk*

Credit risk is the risk of an unexpected loss if a customer or third-party to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Company's credit risk is primarily attributable to cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables and other assets. The carrying value of these assets included in the consolidated statement of financial position represents the maximum credit exposure.

There is both a credit risk and concentration risk associated with the collection of revenue from Union Goal. This risk is mitigated due to the contract structure and the significant outstanding contracts payable due to Union Goal (see Note 6 and Note 11). As at March 31, 2024, the Company is owed approximately \$15 million from Union Goal in gross trade receivables from processing and dispatching chrome concentrate (see Note 12). Management is in the process of evaluating and communicating with Union Goal to determine an agreeable outcome. The continued non-payment from Union Goal could have a significant impact not only on the instrument credit risk adjustments recorded to date but on the Company's liquidity as a whole.

(v) *Liquidity risk*

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company has a planning and budgeting process in place to help determine the funds required to support the Company's normal operating requirements on an ongoing basis and its expansionary plans. The Company aims to ensure that there are sufficient funds to meet its short-term business requirements, taking into account its anticipated cash flows from operations and its holdings of cash and cash equivalents. See Note 1 – Nature of operations and going concern for additional information on the Company's liquidity risk.

Eastern Platinum Limited

Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements

For the three months ended March 31, 2024

(Unaudited - expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except as noted.)

The Company's policy is to invest its excess cash in highly liquid, fully guaranteed, bank-sponsored instruments.

The Company started generating revenue from its Retreatment Project in December 2018, and at consistent expected levels since May 1, 2019. The Retreatment Project is dependent on its operating cash inflows from third-party buyers, in order to fund its current operating activities and eventually fulfil all obligations under the Union Goal Contracts. Despite the Retreatment Project and the forecasted PGM production cash flows from the CRM, all other properties and projects are on hold. The Company also generated some income from interest on investments and other income from the sale of non-core properties; although not expected to be significant, some of this income will be recurring for 2024 and future years. The Company also holds a secured finance facility with Investec which can provide financing of up to \$5,819 (ZAR110,000). There remains material uncertainty that the Company will be able to achieve sufficient cash flows to cover the Company's expected obligations for the next 12 months. Additional funding will also be required in the future to commence underground production at CRM, and to develop and bring the Eastern Limb Projects into commercial production.

In the normal course of business, the Company enters into contracts that give rise to commitments for future minimum payments. The following table summarizes the Company's significant commitments (undiscounted) and corresponding maturities as at March 31, 2024. Included below are the contracts payable to Union Goal of \$52,711 which were based on the value of the original equipment received; however, the final amount owing and timing of payment are subject to negotiation as part of the Framework Agreement, including the Company's ability to offset trade receivables owing to it against the payable amount. The Company currently does not have expected payments of obligations and commitments beyond 5 years.

	<1 year	1 – 5 years	Total
	\$	\$	\$
Contracts payable	52,711	—	52,711
Trade and other payables	6,844	—	6,844
Draw on finance facility	915	—	915
Lease liabilities	23	63	86
	60,493	63	60,556

11. Contingencies and legal proceedings

The Company is subject to claims and legal proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business activities, each of which is subject to various uncertainties, it is not possible to predict the outcome and the result of which may be resolved unfavorably to the Company. These include the following matters:

Litigation by Union Goal against the Company

On February 16, 2024, the Company received a notice of civil claim from Union Goal filed in the BC Supreme Court (BCSC Court File no. S-240936). In the notice, Union Goal claimed a breach of contract and unjust enrichment with respect to the credit facility provided to Eastern Platinum Ltd. from Union Goal, asserting that the outstanding balance of the credit facility (\$6,464) had become payable. The Company does not believe it is in breach, as the updated framework agreement stated that the credit facility would become payable 210 days after receipt of the plant commissioning certificate related to the Optimization program, which has not been received (see Note 6).

Eastern Platinum Limited

Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements

For the three months ended March 31, 2024

(Unaudited - expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except as noted.)

Further litigation by 2538520 Ontario Limited against the Company

On February 7, 2020, 2538520 Ontario Limited ("253") and its CEO, Rong Kai Hong ("Hong"), (together, the "Plaintiffs") filed a further claim regarding various allegations (initiated in 2018), including that the Company was acting to oppress the Plaintiffs' rights among other claims. The Plaintiffs seek, among other relief, orders requiring a change to the Company share ownership, election of new Directors, several changes to senior management and damages of US\$50,000 (or such greater amount as may be proven at trial) from the Company, certain present and former Directors and Officers, and separately seven other listed defendants. On June 11, 2021, the Plaintiffs filed an amended claim in response to an imminent application from the Company and its directors and officers to dismiss the claim as an abuse of process. The Plaintiffs agreed to a consent dismissal of the claims against the non-executive directors and struck a substantial portion of the contents of their notice of civil claim. Claims against the Company, certain senior management as well as claims against certain other parties remain extant. An application with respect to service on other parties was heard in February 2022 and the Supreme Court of British Columbia (the "BC Supreme Court") determined on June 30, 2022 that those other parties have been properly served. Counsel for 253 and Hong demanded that certain parties deliver responses to the civil claim by no later than July 31, 2022, failing which 253 and Hong would seek default judgment. No responses have been filed as of the date of these financial statements; however, the Plaintiffs have not sought default judgment, instead applying for an order requiring that responses be filed. That application was adjourned and responses to civil claim by those certain parties remain outstanding. On March 13, 2024, the Plaintiffs filed a further amended notice of civil claim, contrary to the Court Rules. The Company intends to apply to strike the further amended notice of civil claim and to dismiss the lawsuit. No provision is made in these consolidated financial statements as the Company assessed the allegations have no merit.

Litigation by Xiaoling Ren against the Company

In December 2020, the Company received a petition filed with the BC Supreme Court by Xiaoling Ren, a shareholder of the Company, seeking leave from the court to commence a derivative action on behalf of the Company against certain of its current and former directors. The petition is substantially similar to that filed in November 2018 for 253, which was dismissed in 2019, and which decision was upheld on appeal. The Company filed a response to and sought dismissal of Ms. Ren's petition.

In April 2023, the court released its reasons for judgment denying leave to commence a derivative action against certain current and former directors, but granting leave as against the former CEO of the Company. In early May 2023, pursuant to the court's earlier decision granting leave, Ms. Ren filed a derivative notice of civil claim with the BC Supreme Court in the Company's name against the former CEO. The Company is reviewing the May 2023 notice of civil claim with its advisors. In December 2023, the Company commenced an appeal of the April 2023 order granting leave to commence a derivative action. On March 21, 2024, the court denied the appeal. It is not possible to provide a further evaluation of the claim as of the date of these consolidated financial statements or make an assessment regarding potential future cash outflow.

Claim dispute regarding Spitzkop

The Company has received a notice from the DMRE on October 25, 2018 of an appeal launched with the DMRE with respect to the Company's mineral license issued in 2012 relating to the Spitzkop property. In addition, the claimant has launched an appeal against a water use license and a related review application in respect thereof in the High Court in South Africa. The Company and the claimant are currently engaging to amicably resolve this matter and it does not expect that it will result in a material cash outflow by the Company in the foreseeable future.

Project Agreement – PGM Circuit H

In July 2020, Barplats entered into an agreement with Advanced Beneficiation Technologies (Pty) Ltd ("ABT") in respect of the possible construction of a modular plant to process PGMs from certain tailings at the CRM (the "Circuit H Project"). The agreement is the subject of a dispute and ABT has referred the dispute to arbitration under the agreement. In addition, on June 27, 2023, Barplats received a summons

Eastern Platinum Limited

Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements

For the three months ended March 31, 2024

(Unaudited - expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except as noted.)

out of the High Court of South Africa (North West Division, Mahikeng) from ABT Toda (Pty) Limited as plaintiff. In both matters, pleadings were exchanged and are now closed, the process of the discovery of documents is underway. No provision has been made in these consolidated financial statements for this matter.

12. Revenue contracts with customers

During the three months ended March 31, 2024, 93% (\$14,590) of the Company's revenue was in relation to the processing of chrome concentrates and was generated through third-party sales. The remaining 7% (\$1,119) of the Company's revenue was from PGM concentrate sales and was generated under the offtake agreement with Impala (see Note 7(a)).

In the restated comparable period ending March 31, 2023, 89% (\$16,118) of the Company's revenue was in relation to the processing of chrome concentrates and was derived from third party sales. The remaining 11% (\$1,919) of the Company's revenue was derived from PGM concentrates sales with Impala. Chrome and PGM concentrate transactions are contracted based on prevailing market prices, adjusted for actual grades and in the case of chrome concentrate, shipping and other logistics costs. PGM concentrate transactions are governed by the Company's offtake agreement with Impala; chrome concentrate sales transactions may include certain discounts in exchange for favourable payment or shipping terms.

As at March 31, 2024, 63% of the gross trade receivable balance in the amount of \$14,768 (December 31, 2023 - 58%, \$15,245) was attributed to Union Goal (see Note 10(d)(iv)), and the related ECL was 10% of the trade receivable balance owed by Union Goal, in the amount of \$1,544 (December 31, 2023 - 10%, \$1,593).

As at March 31, 2024, there was no deferred revenue (December 31, 2023 - 4%, \$399) was related to chrome sales received from third-parties (see Note 6(d)). The remaining deferred revenue was attributed to the Union Goal contracts.

13. Headline and diluted headline loss per share

The Company's shares are also listed on the JSE which requires the Company to present headline and diluted headline loss per share. Headline loss per share is calculated by dividing headline loss attributable to equity shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of common shares issued and outstanding during the period. Diluted headline loss per share is determined by adjusting the headline loss attributable to equity shareholders of the Company and the weighted average number of common shares issued and outstanding during the period after taking all potential dilutive effects.

The following table summarizes the adjustments to loss attributable to equity shareholders of the Company for the purpose of calculating headline loss attributable to the equity shareholders of the Company, and the headline loss and diluted headline loss per share.

	Three months ended	
	March 31,	
	2024	2023 (restated)
	\$	\$
Loss attributable to equity shareholders of the Company	(922)	(353)
Adjusted for:		
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	—	—
Headline loss attributable to equity shareholders of the Company	(922)	(353)
Headline loss and diluted headline loss per share	0.00	0.00

Eastern Platinum Limited

Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements

For the three months ended March 31, 2024

(Unaudited - expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except as noted.)

14. Prior period error - restatement of comparatives

Certain 2023 comparative numbers in these financial statements and notes thereto have been restated to correct an error in the condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2023, that was identified subsequent to the period-end and is discussed below.

In connection with the preparation of the Company's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023, an error was identified in the recognition of revenue related to a chrome concentrate sales transaction in Q4 2022 which impacts the Company's previously filed audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022 and its unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2023. Chrome concentrate revenue is recognized when control is transferred to the buyer and payment is considered probable. A sales transaction that was included in Deferred revenue at the end of 2022 and recognized as revenue in Q1 2023 should have been recognized in Q4 2022 based on the fact that the Company had met all of its required performance obligations at the time, as supported by the underlying contract and bill of lading. Previously reported revenue for Q1 2023 was overstated by \$4,021, with associated errors in Production costs, Accumulated other comprehensive loss and Deficit.

The following table presents the effects of the restatement on the individual line items within the Company's unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Statement of Income (Loss), Condensed Interim Statement of Comprehensive Income (Loss) and Condensed Interim Statement of Financial Position.

	Three months ended March 31, 2023		
	As previously reported	Adjustment	As restated
	\$	\$	\$
Revenue	22,058	(4,021)	18,037
Production costs	(15,360)	2,324	(13,036)
Mine operating income (loss)	5,233	(1,697)	3,536
Operating income (loss)	3,497	(1,697)	1,800
Net income (loss) for the period	1,343	(1,697)	(354)
Net income (loss) attributable to equity shareholders of the Company	1,344	(1,697)	(353)
Earnings (loss) per share, basic and diluted	0.01	(0.01)	0.00
Comprehensive income (loss) for the period	(2,267)	(1,766)	(4,033)

	As at March 31, 2023		
	As previously reported	Adjustment	As restated
	\$	\$	\$
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(321,406)	(13)	(321,419)
Deficit	(850,900)	13	(850,887)